BIND and root key rollover

Mukund Sivaraman

muks@isc.org

Internet Systems Consortium

Default trust anchors in BIND

- ▶ In BIND, the **bind.keys** file contains initial/starting trust anchors for the resolver for the **root zone**.
- When dnssec-validation is set to yes, no default trust anchor is used automatically. When dnssec-validation is set to auto, the keys in bind.keys file are used (for root only).
- ▶ For simpler configuration, a non-changeable copy of the default trust anchors is also built into the **named** program binary. If a **bind.keys** file exists, that will have precedence over the built-in copy.
- ▶ Non-root trust anchors need to be explicitly configured.

Manual trust anchor maintenance

- ► The trusted-keys config option is used to introduce manually maintained trust anchors to named. Such trust anchors are not automatically updated.
- ▶ Without RFC 5011 feature, when the root key changes the root trust anchors would have to be updated manually, otherwise DNSSEC validation would fail.
- bind.keys (root zone) configures itself for RFC 5011 automatic trust anchor maintenance (managed-keys).

Automatic trust anchor maintenance

- ▶ RFC 5011 feature in BIND is known as **managed-keys** after the **named** config option. It was introduced in BIND 9.7.0.
- bind.keys provides initial/starting trust anchor configuration as managed-keys that have not been rolled. It is an input file that is not modified by named.
- named creates a corresponding managed-keys.bind or viewname.mkeys database file which contains keys in various states, including current trust anchors.
- After a root key rollover, the keys in **bind.keys** may become stale and invalid whereas the managed keys database is used for trust anchors.

Quirks

- named uses master files to store the managed key database.
- ▶ Private RRTYPE code of 65533 is used to hold the key material and metadata.
- ► For new views, initial trust anchors will be taken from **bind.keys**, so a current copy should be provided by the admin.

Recommendations

- Visit Warren Kumari's website http://keyroll.systems/ for resources on testing key rollover.
- ▶ Update the **bind.keys** file to the latest copy (when updates are released) as it provides the initial/starting root trust anchors for BIND builds that pre-date any root key rollovers.
- ► We publish the **bind.keys** file at **https://www.isc.org/bind-keys** and it will be updated when additional (future) root keys are available for distribution. The file also ships as part of the BIND source code and new releases will automatically have the latest copy of the file.